

- **MEDICINAL FORMS** There can be variation in the licensing of different medicines containing the same drug. Forms available from special-order manufacturers include: oral suspension, oral solution, powder

**Gastro-resistant capsule**

CAUTIONARY AND ADVISORY LABELS 5, 22, 25

▶ **Lansoprazole (Non-proprietary)**

**Lansoprazole 15 mg** Lansoprazole 15mg gastro-resistant capsules | 28 capsule [POM] £12.93 DT = £0.76

**Lansoprazole 30 mg** Lansoprazole 30mg gastro-resistant capsules | 28 capsule [POM] £23.63 DT = £1.01

**Orodispersible tablet**

CAUTIONARY AND ADVISORY LABELS 5, 22

EXCIPIENTS: May contain Aspartame

▶ **Lansoprazole (Non-proprietary)**

**Lansoprazole 15 mg** Lansoprazole 15mg orodispersible tablets | 28 tablet [POM] £2.90 DT = £2.90

**Lansoprazole 30 mg** Lansoprazole 30mg orodispersible tablets | 28 tablet [POM] £6.99 DT = £4.26

▶ **Zoton FastTab (Pfizer Ltd)**

**Lansoprazole 15 mg** Zoton FastTab 15mg | 28 tablet [POM] £2.99 DT = £2.90

**Lansoprazole 30 mg** Zoton FastTab 30mg | 28 tablet [POM] £5.50 DT = £4.26

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**Omeprazole**

21-Mar-2018

• **INDICATIONS AND DOSE**

***Helicobacter pylori* eradication in combination with amoxicillin and clarithromycin; or in combination with amoxicillin and metronidazole; or in combination with clarithromycin and metronidazole**

▶ **BY MOUTH**

- ▶ Child 1–5 years: 1–2 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 40 mg)
- ▶ Child 6–11 years: 1–2 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 40 mg)
- ▶ Child 12–17 years: 40 mg once daily

**Treatment of duodenal ulcers including those complicating NSAID therapy | Treatment of benign gastric ulcers including those complicating NSAID therapy**

▶ **BY MOUTH**

- ▶ Neonate: 700 micrograms/kg once daily for 7–14 days, then increased if necessary to 1.4–2.8 mg/kg once daily.

- ▶ Child 1 month–1 year: 700 micrograms/kg once daily, increased if necessary to 3 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg)
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 10–19 kg): 10 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 20 mg once daily
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 20 kg and above): 20 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 40 mg once daily
- ▶ **BY INTRAVENOUS INJECTION, OR BY INTRAVENOUS INFUSION**
- ▶ Child 1 month–11 years: Initially 500 micrograms/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg), increased if necessary to 2 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 40 mg), injection to be given over 5 minutes
- ▶ Child 12–17 years: 40 mg once daily, injection to be given over 5 minutes

**Zollinger–Ellison syndrome**▶ **BY MOUTH**

- ▶ Neonate: 700 micrograms/kg once daily for 7–14 days, then increased if necessary to 1.4–2.8 mg/kg once daily.
- ▶ Child 1 month–1 year: 700 micrograms/kg once daily, increased if necessary to 3 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg)
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 10–19 kg): 10 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 20 mg once daily
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 20 kg and above): 20 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 40 mg once daily

- ▶ **BY INTRAVENOUS INJECTION, OR BY INTRAVENOUS INFUSION**
- ▶ Child 1 month–11 years: Initially 500 micrograms/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg), increased if necessary to 2 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 40 mg), injection to be given over 5 minutes
- ▶ Child 12–17 years: 40 mg once daily, injection to be given over 5 minutes

**Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease**▶ **BY MOUTH**

- ▶ Neonate: 700 micrograms/kg once daily for 7–14 days, then increased if necessary to 1.4–2.8 mg/kg once daily.

- ▶ Child 1 month–1 year: 700 micrograms/kg once daily, increased if necessary to 3 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg)
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 10–19 kg): 10 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 20 mg once daily, in severe ulcerating reflux oesophagitis, maximum 12 weeks at higher dose
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 20 kg and above): 20 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 40 mg once daily, in severe ulcerating reflux oesophagitis, maximum 12 weeks at higher dose

▶ **BY INTRAVENOUS INJECTION, OR BY INTRAVENOUS INFUSION**

- ▶ Child 1 month–11 years: Initially 500 micrograms/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg), increased if necessary to 2 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 40 mg), injection to be given over 5 minutes
- ▶ Child 12–17 years: 40 mg once daily, injection to be given over 5 minutes

**Acid-related dyspepsia**▶ **BY MOUTH**

- ▶ Neonate: 700 micrograms/kg once daily for 7–14 days, then increased if necessary to 1.4–2.8 mg/kg once daily.

- ▶ Child 1 month–1 year: 700 micrograms/kg once daily, increased if necessary to 3 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg)
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (initiated by a specialist) (body-weight 10–19 kg): 10 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 20 mg once daily
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (initiated by a specialist) (body-weight 20 kg and above): 20 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 40 mg once daily
- ▶ **BY INTRAVENOUS INJECTION, OR BY INTRAVENOUS INFUSION**
- ▶ Child 1 month–11 years: Initially 500 micrograms/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg), increased if necessary to 2 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 40 mg), injection to be given over 5 minutes
- ▶ Child 12–17 years: 40 mg once daily, injection to be given over 5 minutes

**Fat malabsorption despite pancreatic enzyme replacement therapy in cystic fibrosis**▶ **BY MOUTH**

- ▶ Neonate: 700 micrograms/kg once daily for 7–14 days, then increased if necessary to 1.4–2.8 mg/kg once daily.

- ▶ Child 1 month–1 year: 700 micrograms/kg once daily, increased if necessary to 3 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg)
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 10–19 kg): 10 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 20 mg once daily
- ▶ Child 2–17 years (body-weight 20 kg and above): 20 mg once daily, increased if necessary to 40 mg once daily
- ▶ **BY INTRAVENOUS INJECTION, OR BY INTRAVENOUS INFUSION**
- ▶ Child 1 month–11 years: Initially 500 micrograms/kg once daily (max. per dose 20 mg), increased if necessary to 2 mg/kg once daily (max. per dose 40 mg), injection to be given over 5 minutes
- ▶ Child 12–17 years: 40 mg once daily, injection to be given over 5 minutes