

Pregnancy: B2. Use not recommended. Seek advice from an infectious diseases specialist.

Breastfeeding: Use not recommended as no data available. Breastfeeding is not recommended in women with HIV because of the risk of viral transmission to the infant.

Common dosage range

Adult dose

400 mg once daily or 300 mg with ritonavir.

atenolol

beta-blocker

Cautionary advisory labels: 9, 12†

Trigger Points

- If patient has history of asthma or other lung disease, seek medical advice before dispensing.
- Caution if patient suffers from diabetes (can mask hypoglycaemic attack), hyperlipidaemia, peripheral vascular disease, hyperthyroidism, uncontrolled heart failure, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

Renal impairment:

Cl_{cr} 15–35 mL/min = 50 mg daily or 100 mg on alternate days.

Cl_{cr} <15 mL/min = 50 mg on alternate days or 100 mg every fourth day.

Pregnancy: C. Use not recommended in first trimester. If drug of choice, use with caution in second and third trimesters.

Breastfeeding: Consider alternatives as it is excreted into breast milk to a greater extent than other beta-blockers. If used, monitor for adverse effects (e.g. bradycardia, hypotension) in infant.

Common dosage range

Adult dose

Oral, 50–100 mg daily (maximum 200 mg daily).

Paediatric dose

Oral, 1–2 mg/kg/dose once daily.

atomoxetine

SNRI for ADHD

Cautionary advisory labels: 5, 12†

Notes

- Avoid use within two weeks of discontinuing a monoamine oxidase inhibitor.

- Dose adjustment may be required in patients also taking CYP2D6 inhibitor medicines (see [Table D.1](#), Section D).
- Do not open capsules. If powder comes in contact with eye, flush with water and contact doctor.

Hepatic impairment (moderate): Give half the usual recommended dose.

Hepatic impairment (severe): Give one quarter of the usual recommended dose.

Pregnancy: B3. Use not recommended.

Breastfeeding: Use not recommended as limited data available.

Common dosage range

Adult and paediatric doses

Give as a single dose in the morning or as two doses (in the morning and late afternoon).

<70 kg: initially 0.5 mg/kg/day for three days, increasing to 1.2 mg/kg daily.

>70kg: initially 40 mg daily for three days, increasing to total daily dose of approximately 80 mg.

Maximum dose: 1.4 mg/kg or 100 mg, whichever is less.

atorvastatin

HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor

Cautionary advisory labels: 18

Notes

- If muscle pain, tenderness or weakness occurs, seek medical advice.
- May be taken at any time during the day.
- Important to follow a low-fat diet and other measures such as exercise and weight control.
- Increased risk of adverse effects in combination with gemfibrozil.

Hepatic impairment: Caution. Monitor clinically.

Pregnancy: D. Lipid-lowering therapy not recommended during pregnancy.

Breastfeeding: Use contraindicated.

Common dosage range

Adult dose

10–80 mg once daily.

† Most appropriate during initial treatment or when dosage is increased.