

Table 9.3 Chemical Markup Representation of Acetic Acid

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(molecule convention="MDLMol" id="acetate" title="ACETATE")
(date day="23" month="11" year="1995" /)
<atomArray>
(atom id="a1")
(string builtin="elementType")C</string>
(float builtin="x2")0.27</float>
(float builtin="y2")0.1217</float>
</atom>
(atom id="a2")
(string builtin="elementType")C</string>
(float builtin="x2")-1.27</float>
(float builtin="y2")0.1246</float>
</atom>
(atom id="a3")
(string builtin="elementType")O</string>
(float builtin="x2")1.0623</float>
(float builtin="y2")-1.2937</float>
</atom>
(atom id="a4")
(string builtin="elementType")O</string>
(float builtin="x2")1.1008</float>
(float builtin="y2")1.4332</float>
</atom>
</atomArray>
<bondArray>
(bond id="b1")
(string builtin="atomRef")a1</string>
(string builtin="atomRef")a2</string>
(string builtin="order")1</string>
</bond>
(bond id="b2")
(string builtin="atomRef")a1</string>
(string builtin="atomRef")a3</string>
(string builtin="order")1</string>
</bond>
(bond id="b3")
(string builtin="atomRef")a1</string>
(string builtin="atomRef")a4</string>
(string builtin="order")2</string>
</bond>
</bondArray>
(Imolecule)

```

files, and they are difficult for chemists to read (although they are not usually meant for chemist interpretation). This is evident in Table 9.3, which shows the CML for acetic acid. By comparison, the SMILES for acetic acid is simply "CC(=O)O".

2.3 Chemical Structure File Conversion

Many chemical information management systems, especially modeling programs, permit a

chemist to import and export structures using a variety of file formats. Commercial programs designed specifically for file conversion are available (57). A widely used public domain program, Babel, is available in source code and in a Windows version (58). It is being extended by the "OpenBabel" programming project (59). It is possible, with a fair amount of accuracy, to convert a chemical structure from a connection table format to an acceptable