

**Analysis**

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*  
Calculate the percentage of aminobenzoic acid and ethyl 4-nitrobenzoate in the portion of Topical Solution taken:  $r$

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

- $r_u$  = peak response of aminobenzoic acid or ethyl 4-nitrobenzoate from the *Sample solution*
- $r_s$  = peak response of aminobenzoic acid or ethyl 4-nitrobenzoate from the *Standard solution*
- $C_s$  = concentration of USP Aminobenzoic Acid RS or USP Ethyl 4-Nitrobenzoate RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)
- $C_u$  = nominal concentration of benzocaine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of any other individual unspecified impurity in the portion of Topical Solution taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times 100$$

- $r_u$  = peak response of any other individual unspecified impurity from the *Sample solution*
- $r_s$  = peak response of benzocaine from the *Standard solution*
- $C_s$  = concentration of USP Benzocaine RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)
- $C_u$  = nominal concentration of benzocaine in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** See *Table 3*. Disregard peaks less than 0.05%.

**Table 3**

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Aminobenzoic acid	0.27	0.20
Benzocaine	1.0	—
Ethyl 4-nitrobenzoate	2.5	0.20
Any other individual unspecified impurity	—	0.10
Total impurities	—	1.0

**SPECIFIC TESTS**

- **MICROBIAL ENUMERATION TESTS** (61) and **TESTS FOR SPECIFIED MICROORGANISMS** (62): It meets the requirements of the tests for absence of *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*.

**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers, protected from light, and avoid prolonged exposure to temperatures exceeding 30°.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** (11)
  - USP Aminobenzoic Acid RS  
Benzoic acid, 4-amino.  
 $C_7H_7NO_2$  137.14
  - USP Benzocaine RS
  - USP Ethyl 4-Nitrobenzoate RS  
Benzoic acid, 4-nitro-, ethyl ester.  
 $C_9H_9NO_4$  195.17

**Benzocaine, Butamben, and Tetracaine Hydrochloride Topical Aerosol**

**DEFINITION**

Benzocaine, Butamben, and Tetracaine Hydrochloride Topical Aerosol is Benzocaine, Butamben, and Tetracaine Hydrochloride Topical Solution packaged in a pressurized container with a suitable inert propellant. It contains NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of benzocaine ( $C_9H_{11}NO_2$ ), butamben ( $C_{11}H_{15}NO_2$ ), and tetracaine hydrochloride ( $C_{15}H_{24}N_2O_2 \cdot HCl$ ).

**IDENTIFICATION**

- **A.** The retention times of the major peaks of the *Sample solution* correspond to those of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.
- **B.** The UV spectrum of the major peaks of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

**ASSAY**

- **PROCEDURE**
  - Solution A:** 0.1% formic acid in water
  - Solution B:** 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile
  - Mobile phase:** See *Table 1*.

**Table 1**

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	91	9
2.5	50	50
3.9	50	50
4	91	9
5	91	9

**Diluent:** Acetonitrile and water (10:90)

**Standard stock solution A:** 1750  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  of USP Benzocaine RS prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable amount of USP Benzocaine RS to a suitable volumetric flask and dissolve in 10% of the total volume of acetonitrile. Dilute with water to volume.

**Standard stock solution B:** 250  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  each of USP Butamben RS and USP Tetracaine Hydrochloride RS prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable amount of USP Butamben RS and USP Tetracaine Hydrochloride RS to a suitable volumetric flask and dissolve in 10% of the total volume of acetonitrile. Dilute with water to volume.

**Standard solution:** 175  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  of USP Benzocaine RS from *Standard stock solution A* and 25  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  each of USP Butamben RS and USP Tetracaine Hydrochloride RS from *Standard stock solution B* diluted in *Diluent*

**Sample solution:** Nominally 175  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  of benzocaine and 25  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  each of butamben and tetracaine hydrochloride, prepared as follows. Accurately weigh about 125 mg of the evaporated sample into a 100-mL volumetric flask. Dissolve in 50 mL of methanol and dilute with *Diluent* to volume.

**Chromatographic system**

(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 300 nm. For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.

**Column:** 2.1-mm  $\times$  5-cm; 1.7- $\mu\text{m}$  packing L1

**Flow rate:** 0.6 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 1  $\mu\text{L}$

**System suitability**

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for benzocaine, tetracaine, and butamben are about 0.71, 0.74, and 1.0, respectively.]