

Instrumental conditions

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: 249 nm

AnalysisSamples: *Standard solution and Sample solution*Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of acetaminophen ($C_8H_9NO_2$) dissolved.Tolerances: NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of acetaminophen ($C_8H_9NO_2$) is dissolved.

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS** (905): Meet the requirements

IMPURITIES

- **4-AMINOPHENOL IN ACETAMINOPHEN-CONTAINING DRUG PRODUCTS** (227): Meet the requirements

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers, and store at controlled room temperature.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** (11)
USP Acetaminophen RS

Acetaminophen Oral Solution**DEFINITION**

Acetaminophen Oral Solution contains NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of acetaminophen ($C_8H_9NO_2$).

IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.
- **B. THIN-LAYER CHROMATOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION TEST** (201)
Sample solution: Nominally 1 mg/mL of acetaminophen in methanol from the Oral Solution
Chromatographic system
Developing solvent system: Methylene chloride and methanol (4:1)
Acceptance criteria: Meets the requirements

ASSAY• **PROCEDURE***Mobile phase:* Methanol and water (1:3)*Standard solution:* 0.01 mg/mL of USP Acetaminophen RS in *Mobile phase**Sample stock solution:* Nominally 2 mg/mL in *Mobile phase*, prepared as follows. Transfer 500 mg of acetaminophen from a measured volume of Oral Solution to a 250-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with *Mobile phase* to volume.*Sample solution:* Nominally 0.01 mg/mL of acetaminophen in *Mobile phase* from the *Sample stock solution*. Pass a portion of this solution through a filter of 0.5- μ m or finer pore size, discarding the first 10 mL of the filtrate. Use the clear filtrate.**Chromatographic system**(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 243 nm

Column: 3.9-mm \times 30-cm; packing L1

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μ L**System suitability**Sample: *Standard solution***Suitability requirements**

Column efficiency: NLT 1000 theoretical plates

Tailing factor: NMT 2

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

AnalysisSamples: *Standard solution and Sample solution*Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of acetaminophen ($C_8H_9NO_2$) in the portion of Oral Solution taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

 r_U = peak response from the *Sample solution* r_S = peak response from the *Standard solution* C_S = concentration of USP Acetaminophen RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL) C_U = nominal concentration of acetaminophen in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–110.0%

PERFORMANCE TESTS

- **DELIVERABLE VOLUME** (698): Meets the requirements for oral solutions packaged in multiple-unit containers
- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS** (905): Meets the requirements for oral solutions packaged in single-unit containers

IMPURITIES

- **4-AMINOPHENOL IN ACETAMINOPHEN-CONTAINING DRUG PRODUCTS** (227): Meets the requirements

SPECIFIC TESTS

- **PH** (791): 3.8–6.1

- **ALCOHOL DETERMINATION, Method II** (611) (if present)

Analysis: Determine by the gas-liquid chromatographic procedure, using acetone as the internal standard.

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–115.0% of the labeled amount of alcohol (C_2H_5OH)**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers, and store at controlled room temperature.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** (11)
USP Acetaminophen RS

Acetaminophen for Effervescent Oral Solution**DEFINITION**

Acetaminophen for Effervescent Oral Solution contains, in each 100 g, NLT 5.63 g and NMT 6.88 g of acetaminophen ($C_8H_9NO_2$).

IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** A 10-g portion dissolves, with effervescence, in water when dissolved as directed for the *Sample solution* in the *Assay*.
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.
- **C. THIN-LAYER CHROMATOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION TEST** (201)
Sample solution: Triturate 0.4 g of the powder with 25 mL of methanol, and filter.