# General Notices

# GENERAL NOTICES AND REQUIREMENTS

The General Notices and Requirements section (the General Notices) presents the basic assumptions, definitions, and default conditions for the interpretation and application of the United States Pharmacopeia (USP) and the National Formulary (NF).

Requirements stated in these General Notices apply to all articles recognized in the USP and NF (the "compendia") and to all general chapters unless specifically stated otherwise.

### 1. TITLE AND REVISION

The full title of this publication (consisting of five volumes and including its Supplements), is The Pharmacopeia of the United States of America, Forty-First Revision and the National Formulary, Thirty-Sixth Edition. These titles may be abbreviated to USP 41, to NF 36, and to USP 41–NF 36. The United States Pharmacopeia, Forty-First Revision, and the National Formulary, Thirty-Sixth Edition, supersede all earlier revisions. Where the terms "USP," "NF," or "USP-NF" are used without further qualification during the period in which these compendia are official, they refer only to USP 41, NF 36, and any Supplement(s) thereto. The same titles, with no further distinction, apply equally to print or electronic presentation of these contents. Although USP and NF are published under one cover and share these General Notices, they are separate compendia.

This revision is official beginning May 1, 2018 unless oth-

erwise indicated in specific text.

Supplements to USP and NF are published periodically. Accelerated Revisions, published periodically on the Official Text section of USP's website (http://www.usp.org/usp-nf/official-text), are designed to make revisions official more quickly than through the routine process for publishing standards in the USP-NF. Interim Revision Announcements are Accelerated Revisions to USP and NF that contain official revisions and their effective dates.

Revision Bulletins are Accelerated Revisions to official text or postponements that require expedited publication. They generally are official immediately unless otherwise specified

in the Revision Bulletin.

Errata are Accelerated Revisions representing corrections to items erroneously published. Announcements of the availability of new USP Reference Standards and announcements of tests or procedures that are held in abeyance pending availability of required USP Reference Standards are also available on the "Official Text" tab of USP's website.

### 2. OFFICIAL STATUS AND LEGAL RECOGNITION

## 2.10. Official Text

Official text of the USP and NF is published in the USP-NF Online (www.uspnf.com) in the edition identified as "CUR-RENTLY OFFICIAL" and in Accelerated Revisions that super-

sede the USP-NF Online as described below.

Routine revisions are published in the *USP-NF Online* and become official on the date indicated, usually six months after publication. Accelerated Revisions supersede the *USP-NF Online* and become official on the date indicated. Links to Accelerated Revisions on the USP website can be found in any superseded monograph or general chapter in the *USP-NF Online*.

Print and USB flash drive versions of the *USP* and *NF* also are available. Routine revisions are provided with the same timing as the *USP-NF Online*. Official text published in *Supplements* supersedes that in the previously published print or

USB flash drive versions of *USP-NF*. These versions also are superseded by Accelerated Revisions as described above.

In the event of any disparity between the print or USB flash drive versions and the *USP-NF Online*, the *USP-NF Online* will be deemed to apply.

### 2.20. Official Articles

An official article is an article that is recognized in USP or NF. An article is deemed to be recognized and included in a compendium when a monograph for the article is published in the compendium and an official date is generally or specifically assigned to the monograph.

The title specified in a monograph is the *official title* for such article. Other names considered to be synonyms of the official titles may not be used as substitutes for official titles.

Official articles include both official substances and official products. An official substance is a drug substance, excipient, dietary ingredient, other ingredient, or component of a finished device for which the monograph title includes no indication of the nature of the finished form.

An official product is a drug product, dietary supplement, compounded preparation, or finished device for which a

monograph is provided.

2.30. Legal Recognition

The *USP* and *NF* are recognized in the laws and regulations of many countries throughout the world. Regulatory authorities may enforce the standards presented in the *USP* 

and NF, but because recognition of the USP and NF may vary by country, users should understand applicable laws and regulations. In the United States under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FDCA), both USP and NF are recognized as official compendia. A drug with a name recognized in USP-NF must comply with compendial identity standards or be deemed adulterated, misbranded, or both. See, e.g., FDCA § 501(b) and 502(e)(3)(b); also FDA regulations, 21 CFR § 299.5(a&b). To avoid being deemed adulterated, such drugs must also comply with compendial standards for strength, quality, and purity, unless labeled to show all respects in which the drug differs. See, e.g., FDCA § 501(b) and 21 CFR § 299.5(c). In addition, to avoid being deemed misbranded, drugs recognized in USP-NF must also be packaged and labeled in compliance with compendial standards. See FDCA § 502(g).

A dietary supplement represented as conforming to specifications in *USP* will be deemed a misbranded food if it fails to so conform. See FDCA § 403(s)(2)(D).

Enforcement of *USP* standards is the responsibility of FDA and other government authorities in the U.S. and elsewhere. *USP* has no role in enforcement.

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### 3. CONFORMANCE TO STANDARDS

3.10. Applicability of Standards

Standards for an article recognized in the compendia (USP-NF) are expressed in the article's monograph, applicable general chapters, and General Notices. The identity, strength, quality, and purity of an article are determined by the official tests, procedures, and acceptance criteria, and other requirements incorporated in the monograph, in applicable general chapters, or in the General Notices. "Applicable general chapters" means general chapters numbered