

**16 Regulatory Status**

Included in the FDA Inactive Ingredients Database (oral capsules and tablets). Included in nonparenteral medicines licensed in the UK (oral capsules; topical creams and solutions). Included in the Canadian Natural Health Products Ingredients Database.

**17 Related Substances**

Diethyl phthalate; dimethyl phthalate; dioctyl phthalate.

**Dioctyl phthalate**

**Empirical formula**  $C_{24}H_{38}O_4$

**Molecular weight** 390.55

**CAS number** Dioctyl phthalate occurs commercially in two isomeric forms: di-*n*-octyl phthalate [117-84-0] and di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate [117-81-7].

**Synonyms** 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester; bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate; DEHP; DOP; Octoil.

**Description** Clear, colorless, odorless, and anhydrous liquid.

**Boiling point** 384°C

**Flash point** 206°C (closed cup)

**Melting point** -50°C

**Refractive index**  $n_D^{20} = 1.50$

**Solubility** Soluble in conventional organic solvents; practically insoluble in water.

**Comments** The EINECS number for dioctyl phthalate is 204-214-7.

**18 Comments**

In addition to a number of industrial applications, dibutyl phthalate is used as an insect repellent, although it is not as effective as dimethyl phthalate.

A specification for dibutyl phthalate is included in the *Japanese Pharmaceutical Excipients* (JPE).<sup>(8)</sup>

The EINECS number for dibutyl phthalate is 201-557-4. The PubChem Compound ID (CID) for dibutyl phthalate is 3026.

**19 Specific References**

- Lewis RJ, ed. *Sax's Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials*, 12th edn. New York: Wiley, 2012: 1421.
- Health and Safety Executive. *EH40/2005: Workplace Exposure Limits*. Sudbury: HSE Books, 2011. <http://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/priced/eh40.pdf> (accessed 20 September 2015).
- Choudhury PK, et al. Osmotic delivery of flurbiprofen through controlled porosity asymmetric membrane capsule. *Drug Dev Ind Pharm* 2007; 33(10): 1135-1141.
- He L, et al. A novel controlled porosity osmotic pump system for sodium ferulate. *Pharmazie* 2006; 61(12): 1022-1027.
- Pawar PK, et al. Design and evaluation of moxifloxacin hydrochloride ocular inserts. *Acta Pharm* 2012; 62(1): 93-104.
- Pichayakorn W, et al. Transdermal nicotine mixed natural rubber-hydroxypropylmethylcellulose film forming systems for smoking cessation: *in vitro* evaluations. *Pharm Dev Technol* 2014; Aug 271-10.
- Agrawal SS, Pruthi JK. Development and evaluation of matrix type transdermal patch of ethinylestradiol and medroxyprogesterone acetate for anti-implantation activity in female Wistar rats. *Contraception* 2011; 84(5): 533-538.
- Japan Pharmaceutical Excipients Council. *Japanese Pharmaceutical Excipients* 2004. Tokyo: Yakuji Nippo, 2004: 228-229.

**20 General References**

ScienceLab. Material safety data sheet: Dibutyl phthalate, May 2013.  
Wilson AS. *Plasticisers - Principles and Practice*. London: Institute of Materials, 1995.

**21 Author**

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**22 Date of Revision**

4 May 2017.

## Dibutyl Sebacate

**1 Nonproprietary Names**

USP-NF: Dibutyl Sebacate

**2 Synonyms**

Bis(*n*-butyl)sebacate; butyl sebacate; DBS; decanedioic acid, dibutyl ester; dibutyl decanedioate; dibutyl 1,8-octanedicarboxylate; *Kodaflex DBS*; *Morflex DBS*; *Proviplast 1944*; sebacic acid dibutyl ester; *Stelliesters DBS*.

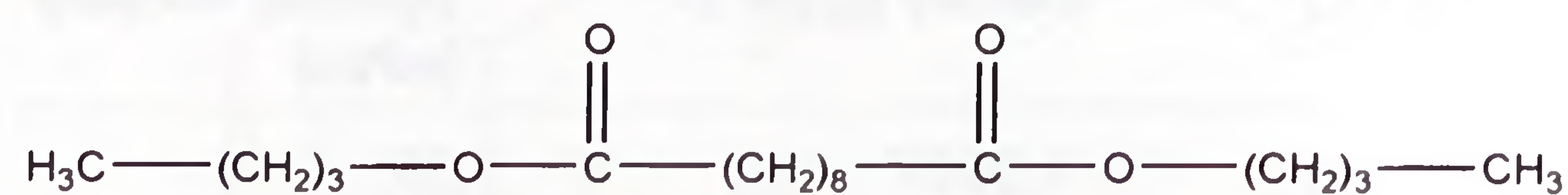
**3 Chemical Name and CAS Registry Number**

Decanedioic acid, di-*n*-butyl ester [109-43-3]

**4 Empirical Formula and Molecular Weight**

$C_{18}H_{34}O_4$  314.47

The USP 40-NF 35 S1 describes dibutyl sebacate as consisting of the esters of *n*-butyl alcohol and saturated dibasic acids, principally sebacic acid.

**5 Structural Formula****6 Functional Category**

Plasticizing agent.

**7 Applications in Pharmaceutical Formulation or Technology**

Dibutyl sebacate is used in oral pharmaceutical formulations as a plasticizer for film coatings on tablets, beads, and granules, at concentrations of 10-30% by weight of polymer.<sup>(1-3)</sup> It is also used as a plasticizer in controlled-release tablets and microcapsule preparations.<sup>(4-7)</sup>

Dibutyl sebacate has been used in the preparation of controlled-release buccal and transdermal patches as a component of the adhesive.<sup>(8,9)</sup>