

Cellulose, Microcrystalline

1 Nonproprietary Names

BP: Microcrystalline Cellulose
 JP: Microcrystalline Cellulose
 PhEur: Cellulose, Microcrystalline
 USP-NF: Microcrystalline Cellulose

2 Synonyms

Avicel PH; Cellets; Celex; cellulose gel; cellosum microcristallinum; Celphere; Ceolus KG; crystalline cellulose; Cyclocel; E460; Emcocel; Fibrocel; Grinsted MCC; MCC Sanaq; Microcel; Pharmacel; Tabulose; Vivapur.

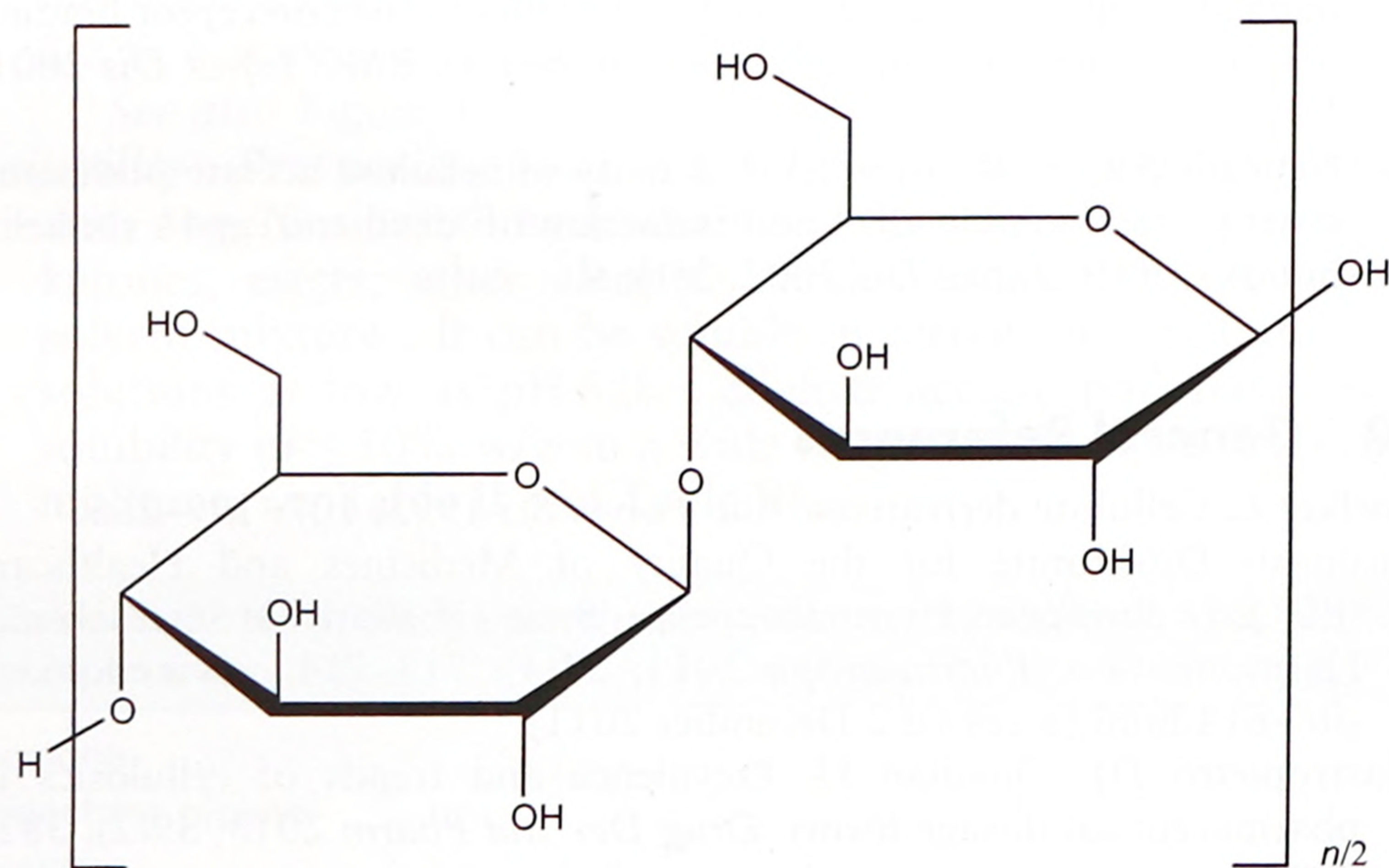
3 Chemical Name and CAS Registry Number

Cellulose [9004-34-6]

4 Empirical Formula and Molecular Weight

$(C_6H_{10}O_5)_n$ $\approx 36\,000$ where $n \approx 220$.

5 Structural Formula



6 Functional Category

Adsorbent; direct compression excipient; suspending agent; tablet and capsule diluent.

7 Applications in Pharmaceutical Formulation or Technology

Microcrystalline cellulose is widely used in pharmaceuticals, primarily as a binder/diluent in oral tablet and capsule formulations where it is used in dry-granulation, wet-granulation, and direct-compression processes.⁽¹⁻⁶⁾ In addition to its use as a binder/diluent, microcrystalline cellulose may also reduce friction during tablet ejection⁽⁷⁾ and facilitate tablet disintegration.⁽⁸⁾ Microcrystalline cellulose has been used with nanoparticles and nanogels for modified drug release.^(9,10) Certain spherical-shaped grades may be used for drug layering.⁽¹¹⁾ See Table I for some of the uses and concentrations of microcrystalline cellulose.

8 Description

Microcrystalline cellulose is a purified, partially depolymerized cellulose that occurs as a white, odorless, tasteless powder composed of porous particles.

Table I: Uses of microcrystalline cellulose.

Use	Concentration (%)
Adsorbent	20-90
Antiadherent	5-20
Capsule binder/diluent	20-90
Tablet disintegrant	5-15
Tablet binder/diluent	20-90

9 Pharmacopeial Specifications

The pharmacopeial specifications for microcrystalline cellulose have undergone harmonization of many attributes for JP, PhEur, and USP-NF.

See Table II. See also Section 18.

Table II: Pharmacopeial specifications for microcrystalline cellulose.

Test	JP XVII	PhEur 9.2	USP 40-NF 35 S1
Identification	+	+	+
Characters ^(a)	+	+	-
pH	5.0-7.5	5.0-7.5	5.0-7.5
Bulk density	+	-	+
Loss on drying	$\leq 7.0\%$	$\leq 7.0\%$	$\leq 7.0\%$
Residue on ignition	$\leq 0.1\%$	-	$\leq 0.1\%$
Conductivity	+	+	+
Sulfated ash	-	$\leq 0.1\%$	-
Ether-soluble substances	$\leq 0.05\%$	$\leq 0.05\%$	$\leq 0.05\%$
Water-soluble substances	+	$\leq 0.25\%$	$\leq 0.25\%$
Heavy metals ^(a)	≤ 10 ppm	-	≤ 10 ppm
Microbial limits ^(a)			
Aerobic	$\leq 10^3$ cfu/g	$\leq 10^3$ cfu/g	$\leq 10^3$ cfu/g
Molds and yeasts	$\leq 10^2$ cfu/g	$\leq 10^2$ cfu/g	$\leq 10^2$ cfu/g
Solubility	-	+	-
Particle size distribution	-	+	+

(a) This test has not been fully harmonized at the time of publication.

SEM 1: Excipient: microcrystalline cellulose; manufacturer: JRS Pharma LP; lot no.: 98662; magnification: 100 \times .

